







This list contains some of the stringing materials used in jewellery making along with some of the alternative names they are also known as (AKA).

Thread	Picture	Description
Beading thread		Beading threads are mostly synthetic and used for stringing beads and make excellent knotted necklaces. Available in different thicknesses, this one is available in fine, medium and thick threads. Use the thickest that will fit your smallest bead to provide the most strength. These threads are quite stiff, so needles are not always necessary. Try a little craft glue on the end to keep from fraying. Use Size 12 needle for fine, and 10 for medium and thick.
Nymo		Available in a number of colours and thicknesses, size D is an excellent thickness for bead weaving, both on and off loom. Use size 12 needle. Not good for stringing.
Leather thonging		Leather thonging is available in different diameters and either round (2mm round pictured) or square. To add ends, use Greek springs on round and leather ends on square.
Tigertail		Tigertail is a strong, flexible wire covered in a nylon material. It is now available in a number of colours and it is excellent for beads with sharp edges. Tigertail doesn't stretch and can be made into a necklace very quickly. Unfortunately if you get a kink in it you can't remove it, so store your tigertail necklaces carefully.
Beading wire	No photo available.	Similar to tigertail, beading wire is also available in many colours and different thicknesses. There are some that can also be knotted. It is however, more expensive than tigertail.